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PCI Express: Delivery Bandwidth for OCP

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PCI-SIG® Snapshot



Organization that defines the PCI Express® (PCIe®) I/O bus specifications and related form factors.

750+ member companies located worldwide

Creating specifications and mechanisms to support compliance and interoperability.

Australia
Austria
Belgium
Brazil
Bulgaria
Canada
China
Czech Republic
Denmark
Malaysi
Finland

France

Germany Singapore **Hong Kong Slovak Republic** Hungary South Korea Sri Lanka Sweden Switzerland Taiwan The Netherlands Malaysia Turkey **United Kingdom** Norway Russia **United States**



PCI Express 4.0



PCI-SIG continues its solid reputation of delivering **low cost**, **high-performance**, **low-power specifications** for **multiple applications** and **markets**.

- PCI Express 4.0 Specification (16GT/S)
 - Finalized and <u>published October 2017</u>
 - Includes new performance enhancements
 - Maintains position as the interconnect of choice for the expansive storage market and the backbone for the fast growing cloud ecosystem

PCI Express 4.0



PCle 4.0 Key Functional Enhancements

- Lane Margining at the Receiver Allows systems to determine how close to "the edge" each lane is operating
- Expanded Tag and Credits
 - Allows both tags/credits to service devices for future usage
 - 10 bit Extended Tags support upto 1024 transactions
 - Scaled Flow Control supports larger credits
- PCIe 4.0 Electrical
 - Maintains backward compatibility with installed base of PCIe devices
 - Limited channel reach: approx. 12" one connector (including 4" add-in card)
 - Longer channels require retimers or lower loss channel

PCle 4.0 Adoption

- Numerous vendors have 16GT/s PHYs in silicon
- Major IP vendors offering 16GT/s controllers
- Dozen 16GT/s solutions at a recent PCI-SIG Compliance Workshop
- Several member companies have exhibited 16GT/s demos

Power Efficient Performance



Delivers Scalable Performance

- Width scaling: x1, x2, x4, x8, x12, x16,
- Frequency scaling: Five generations
 - 2.5 and 5 GT/s with 8b/10b encoding
 - 8 and 32 GT/s with 128b/130b encoding

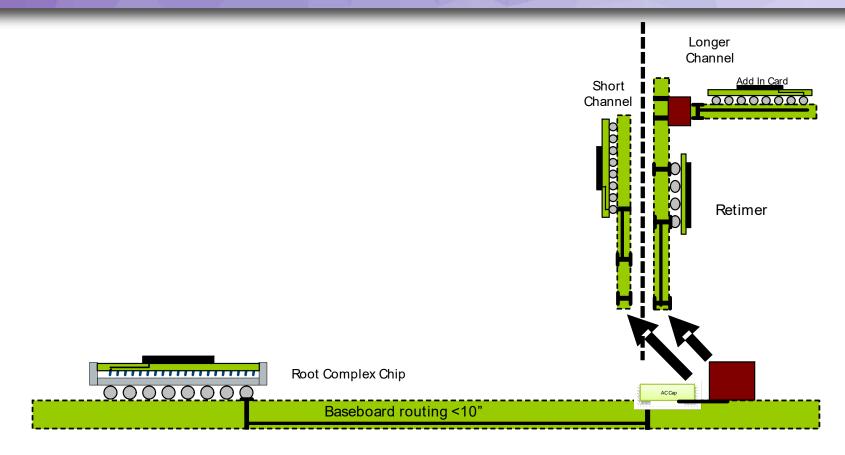
Low Power (Active/Idle)

- Rich set of Link and Device States
 - L0s, L1, L1-substates, L2/L3
 - D0, D1, D2, D3_hot/cold
 - Platform-level power optimization hooks: Dynamic Power Allocation,
 Optimized Buffer, Flush Fill, Latency Tolerance Reporting
 - Active power 5pJ/b, Standby power: 10uW/Lane

Vibrant ecosystem with IP Providers

PCI Express 4.0 Channels





- End to end loss target ~= 28 dB
- Root Package loss ~= 5 dB
- Add-in Card Package loss ~= 3 dB
- Total Add-in Card ~= 8.0 dB
- Connector < 1 dB

Form Factors for PCI Express



BGA

M.2

U.2 2.5in (aka SFF-8639)

CEM Add-in-card











16x20 mm ideal for small and thin platforms

42, 80, and 110mm lengths, smallest footprint of PCI Express® (PCle®) connector form factors, use for boot or for max storage density

2.5in makes up the majority of SSDs sold today because of ease of deployment, hotplug, serviceability, and small form factor Single-Port x4 or Dual-Port x2

system compatibility with existing servers and most reliable compliance program. Higher power envelope, and options for height and length

Add-in-card (AIC) has maximum

Source: Intel Corporation

SRIS (Separate Refclk Independent SSC Architecture)



- Challenge: PCle specification did not support independent clock with SSC
 - SATA* cable ~ \$.50
 - PCIe cables include reference clock > \$1 for equivalent cable
- PCle base specification 3.0 ECNs approved
 - Requires use of larger elasticity buffer
 - Requires more frequent insertion of SKIP ordered set
 - Requires receiver changes (CDR)
 - Second ECN updates Model CDRs
- SRIS will create a number of new form factor opportunities for PCIe
 - OCuLink*
 - Lower cost external/internal cabled PCIe
 - Next-generation of PCI-SIG cable specification

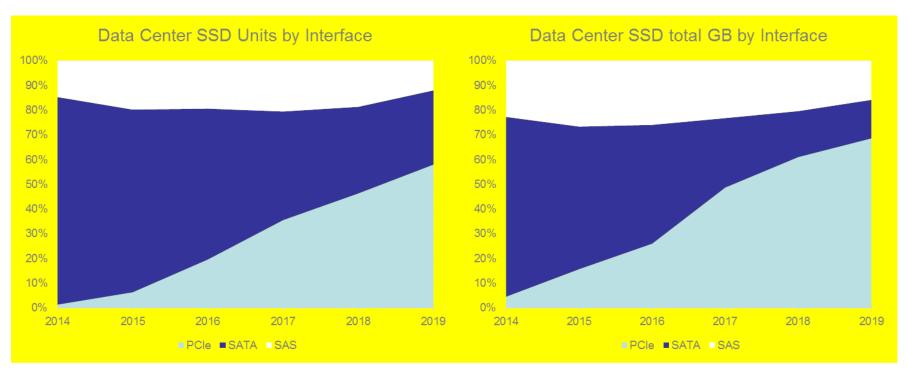
RAS Features



- PCIe® architecture supports very high-level set of Reliability, Availability, Serviceability (RAS) features
 - All transactions protected by CRC-32 and Link level Retry, covering even dropped packets
 - Transaction level time-out support (hierarchical)
 - Well defined algorithm for different error scenarios
 - Advanced Error Reporting mechanism
 - Support for degraded link width / lower speed
 - Support for hot-plug

NVM ExpressTM Driving PCIe SSDs in Data Center





Source: Forward Insights Q1'15

PCI Express – 5.0 Specification

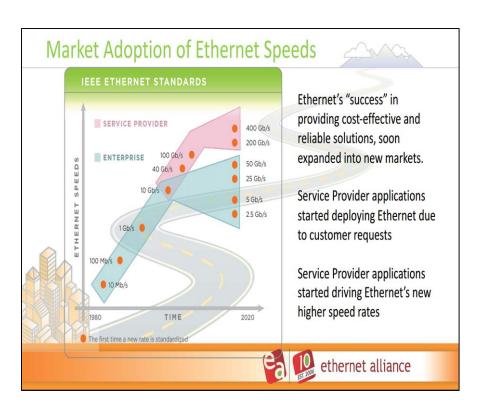


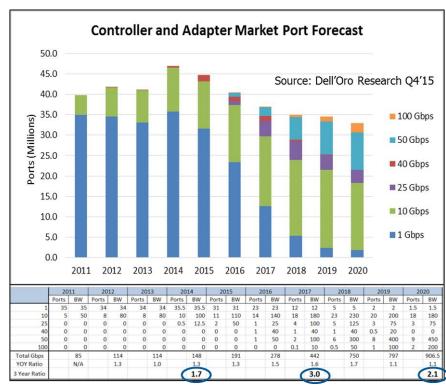
PCI Express 5.0 Specification 32GT/S NRZ:

- Applications such as artificial intelligence, machine learning, gaming, visual computing, storage and networking
- High-end networking solutions (i.e. 400Gb Ethernet and dual 200Gb/s InfiniBand solutions)
- Accelerator and GPU attachments for high-bandwidth solutions
- Constricted form factor applications that cannot increase width and need higher frequency to achieve performance
- Continued use of L1 Sub-states to constrain power consumption during transmission idle periods

Ethernet Evolution





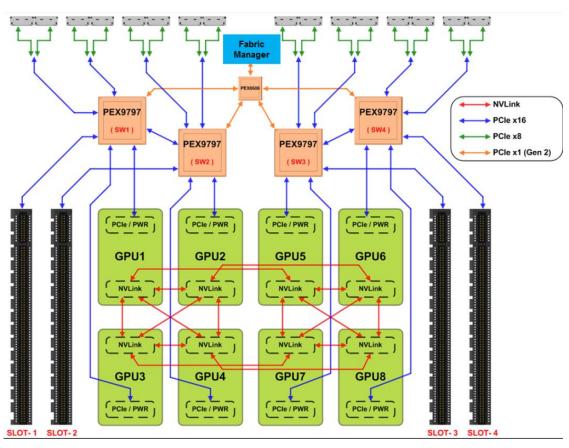


GPUs and PCIe Bandwidth



Open Compute Project's Olympus Hyperscale GPU Accelerator chassis

- Flexible PCIe topology
- GPGPU-to-Host via high-BW PCIe links
- Peer-to-peer without Host interaction
 - GPGPU peer-to-peer via NVLink
 - GPGPU peer-to-peer to IB NICs via x16 PCIe



Source: Open Compute Project

PCIe 5.0: Near Future



Timeline for PCle 5.0 specification by 1H/2019

- Changes limited to primarily speed upgrade
 - Protocol already supports higher speed via extended tags and credits
 - Existing PHYs in the industry already run at 28GHz / 56GHz
- Specification process enhanced to accelerate development
 - PCIe 5.0 version 0.5 released Q4 2017
 - Max pad to pad loss target is expected to be around 35 dB
 - Focus on connector studies
 - Pre-encoding to reduce DFE burst errors
 - SRIS potentially mandatory
 - EIEOS definition at 32 GT/s change to sequences of 32 ones and zeros
 - PCIe 5.0 version 0.7 target release April 2018

PCIe 5.0 Delivering 32GT/s



- ✓ Supports 400Gb Ethernet Solutions
- 400Gb = 50GB
- 50GB in both directions
- √ Full duplex
- 128/130 bit encoding with 1.5% overhead
- x16 ~64GB/s sufficient to support 400Gb Ethernet solutions (64GB > 50 GB)
- Total Full Duplex = ~128GB

- CEM connector targeted to be backwards compatible for add-in cards
- Targeted Release in 1H 2019

	RAW BIT RATE	LINK BW	BW/ LANE/WAY	TOTAL BW X16
PCle 1.x	2.5GT/s	2Gb/s	250MB/s	8GB/s
PCle 2.x	5.0GT/s	4Gb/s	500MB/s	16GB/s
PCle 3.x	8.0GT/s	8Gb/s	~1GB/s	~32GB/s
PCIe 4.0	16GT/s	16Gb/s	~2GB/s	~64GB/s
PCIe 5.0	32GT/s	32Gb/s	~4GB/s	~128GB/s

PCI-SIG History



₱ I/O BANDWIDTH DOUBLES

Every 3 Years



Summary



- PCIe technology continues to evolve to exceed industry bandwidth requirements
 - PCIe 5.0 with 32GT/s ideal for artificial intelligence, machine learning, gaming, visual computing, storage and networking
 - Growing need for increased bandwidths in GPUs attachments and accelerators

